## Topic Expert Group: Education and training of the multidisciplinary team working in neonatology

#### A common neonatal nurse training curriculum

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#### Target group

All nurses working in neonatal care

#### User group

Parents, healthcare professionals, professional societies, education providers, health services, and regulators of the profession

#### Statement of standard

All nurses providing care to infants and their families have access to and undergo education and training using a competency-based curriculum and assessment framework.

#### Rationale

For over thirty years several countries have recognised neonatal nursing as a specialty with either training in the neonatal unit, or at an academic institution, resulting in a neonatal diploma or master's degree. (1) Infants in the NICU are among the most nurse-intensive patients. To intervene before the onset of life-threatening problems, nurses must make complex assessments, implement highly intensive therapies, and make immediate adjustments dependent on infant response. Maintaining optimal respiratory, cardiac, and feeding status may result in improved development and behavior, lower levels of morbidity, and shorter hospitalisation. (2,3)

Standardised orientation and training programmes developed by neonatal care experts in collaboration with nursing organisations, and academic institutions can decrease mortality and morbidity of newborn infants. (4) In addition to staffing levels, neonatal outcomes have been shown to be associated with levels of patient volume, and training of medical and nursing staff. (5) In order to ensure that infants and families receive a standardised level of care, nurses should develop competencies through an integrated, developmental curriculum, both in university and practice settings (6) using an hybrid approach comprising classroom and digital based education/training. (7)

#### **Benefits**

- More competent nurses are related to increased survival (8)
- Significantly reduced rates of mortality and morbidity (5)
- Improved nurse retention and satisfaction (9)
- Consistency in quality of care delivery in neonatology (consensus)



### Components of the standard

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Component  For parents and families	Grading of evidence	Indicator of meeting the standard
Parents contribute to the delivery of nurse education programmes.	B (Low quality)	Training documentation
<ul> <li>For healthcare professionals</li> <li>Neonatal nurses are qualified in specialty as evidenced by the following criteria: Registered nurse, period of preceptorship or mentorship including defined foundation learning within the specialty, completion of a programme of post-registration (post-licensure) education which links the following theory and practice elements:  Theory modules relating to the care of the neonate and their family within special care, high-dependency care and intensive care, delivered and assessed within a higher education institution.</li> <li>Achievement of core skills set, undertaken with supervision of an experienced qualified neonatal nurse, assessed in practice and supported by evidence of learning.</li> <li>Clinical decision-making skills.</li> </ul>	B (Moderate quality)	Certificates of award, professional portfolio
For neonatal unit 3. Infrastructure for educational programmes is provided (see NICU design).	B (Moderate quality)	Audit report
For hospital N/A For professional societies		
<ul> <li>For professional societies</li> <li>Standards of care, including competencies at the local level are developed and regularly updated, disseminated, and promoted. (10)</li> </ul>	B (Low quality)	Guideline
<ul> <li>For education providers</li> <li>5. A (post) graduate programme focused on neonatal nursing, including the following domains is provided: neonatal physiology and pathophysiology, family-centred care, clinical practice, leadership and teamwork, professional development and research. (10)</li> </ul>	B (Moderate quality)	Training documentation



# For health service and regulators of the profession 6. Common national training frameworks aligned with the relevant European Qualifications Framework are available and regularly updated. (11) Training documentation

#### Where to go - further development of care

Further development  For parents and family	Grading of evidence
<ul> <li>Parents are provided with the opportunity to review and revise neonatal nurse curricula.</li> </ul>	B (Very low quality)
For healthcare professionals	
<ul> <li>Undertake a minimum of 6 days per year of continuing professional development (CPD). (12)</li> </ul>	B (Low quality)
For neonatal unit	
N/A	
For hospital	
<ul> <li>Support healthcare professionals to undertake CPD.</li> </ul>	B (High quality)
For professional societies	
<ul> <li>Develop, disseminate, and promote neonatal care competencies at regional, national, and international level. (6,10)</li> </ul>	B (Very low quality)
For education providers	
<ul> <li>Develop and provide specialty postgraduate programmes using a digital/classroom based blended (hybrid) approach (7) with a focus on neonatal care.</li> </ul>	B (Very low quality)
For health service and regulators of the profession	
<ul> <li>International mutual recognition of specialty qualifications in neonatal nursing is facilitated.</li> </ul>	B (Moderate quality)

#### Getting started

#### **Initial steps**

For parents and family

Parents are involved in the delivery of nurse education programmes.

For healthcare professionals

 Attend specialty training through on the-job and/or digital training or through professional education programmes.

For neonatal unit

N/A

#### For hospital

- Support healthcare professionals to participate in neonatal nurse training, either classroom or digital based or by a blended / hybrid approach. (7)
- Provide opportunities for on-the-job training, and experiential learning environments (clinical placements) for students undertaking professional education programmes.



#### For education providers

 Include basic neonatal care content in undergraduate (bachelor) nursing and midwifery curriculum. (6)

#### For health service and regulators of the profession

 Develop and implement common training frameworks aligned with the relevant European Qualifications Framework. (7,11)

#### Source

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